



Ethereum DAPP development

With Javascript (2020)



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Decentralized Applications

Thanks to web3 library it is possible to write a Decentralized Application (DApp), i.e. an application whose main logic is not executed by a single server but by a decentralized network like Ethereum

- The Backend are the smart contracts
- The Frontend is any software application with Web3
- In a realistic scenario, rely the entire backend code on the smart contracts is unfeasible
 - Smart contracts should code only the logic to decentralize



Decentralized Applications

The most popular Ethereum DApp: Cryptokitties

- Buy, sell and trade unique digital cats
- It became so popular that on December 2017 the Ethereum network suffered a slowdown



Part 4

Web DApp

A simple web application with help of Metamask





Tools: Metamask

Metamask is an Ethereum **wallet** implemented as a browser extension

- Specifically, it is a Hierarchical Deterministic (HD) wallet
- <https://metamask.io/>

It is possible to create accounts for different target networks: Ethereum main network or test networks like Ropsten and Rinkeby

- It is also possible to import Ganache accounts if we test the DApp with a local blockchain



Walkthrough

- Setup the environment
 - Create a server for the DApp
 - Configure it
 - Link the smart contract libraries
 - Web3 and truffle-contract
- Develop the core of the DApp
- Run the DApp
 - Connect it to the local network



Create HTML project

In the Truffle root directory create a *src/* folder inside the Truffle folder, and create *js/*, *css/* and *index.html* in *src/*

- *src/*
 - *js/*, *css/*, *index.html*

The web page needs to get the contract json files from the *build/* folder

To do this, we need a running local server, serving the DApp.
We can install one with NodeJs



Lite server

In the Truffle root directory initialize a node project creating *package.json* file with

- `$ npm init`

We need a server serving the contracts to the DApp

- lite-server, for single-page apps:
 - `$ npm install --save lite-server`
 - It automatically updates *package.json*
- <https://www.npmjs.com/package/lite-server>



Lite server

In *package.json* insert the pair “dev”: “lite-server” inside “scripts”

- Using the tag “dev” with npm executes lite-server

Now *package.json* should look like this:

```
"scripts": {
  "dev": "lite-server",
},
"dependencies": {
  "lite-server": "^2.4.0"
},
```



Lite server

Create the configuration file, **bs-config.json**, inside the Truffle project root directory to tell lite-server the folders it needs to look at to serve the web application

- bs stands for BrowserSync, the tool lite-server is built on top of

```
{
  "server": {
    "baseDir": ["../src", "./build/contracts", "./node_modules/truffle-contract"]
  }
}
```



Web3 and truffle-contract

We need to import the *web3* and *truffle-contract* libraries

Get **web3**

We can find a minified version of Web3 at the following website

- Version 1.2.6: <https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/gh/ethereum/web3.js@1.2.6/dist/>

Be aware, many online tutorials may use the old 0.2.x version, which has a different syntax from the version 1.x



Web3 and truffle-contract

We need to import the *web3* and *truffle-contract* libraries

Install *truffle-contract* with npm

- `$ npm install --save @truffle/contract`
- We are going to use its [browser usage](#)

Web3 and truffle-contract



Include the scripts in *index.html*

- web3.min.js (we can fetch it online)
- truffle-contract (after installing it with npm)
- app.js, the DApp script

```
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.3.1.min.js"></script>
<!-- Web3 and truffle-contract -->
<script
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/gh/ethereum/web3.js@1.2.6/dist/web3.min.js"></script>
<script src="./dist/truffle-contract.js"></script>
<!-- The App script -->
<script src="js/app.js"></script>
```



Develop the core of the DApp

Now we have all the requirements for the DApp

In the following steps we are going to:

- Take an example contract
 - Remember to compile it
- Code *app.js* that is going to implement the frontend and call the smart contract
- Try the DApp locally



Example contract

```
contract MyContract {  
  
    uint public value;  
    event click();  
  
    constructor() public {  
        value = 1;  
    }  
  
    function pressClick() public {  
        emit click();  
    }  
}
```



DApp initialization



Create the DApp script called *app.js* in *src/js/*

This script should:

1. Init web3
2. Init smart contracts (read json files)
3. Activate event listeners
4. Render page (call smart contract functions useful for initialization)
5. Implement a onclick function



app.js, Overall structure



JS

```
App = {  
  // Attributes  
  
  init: function() { return App.initWeb3(); },  
  // Functions  
}  
  
// Call init whenever the window loads  
$(function() {  
  $(window).on('load', function () {  
    App.init();  
  });  
});
```



app.js, App object



JS

```
App = {
  contracts: {},           // Store contract abstractions
  web3Provider: null,     // Web3 provider
  url: 'http://localhost:8545', // Url for web3
  account: '0x0',        // current ethereum account

  init: function() { return App.initWeb3(); },

  initWeb3: function() { /* initialize Web3 */ return App.initContract(); },
  initContract: function() { /* Upload the contract's */ return App.listenForEvents(); },
  listenForEvents: function() { /* Activate event listeners */ return App.render(); },

  render: function() { /* Render page */ }
}
```



app.js, 1. Init web3



JS

```
initWeb3: function() {
  if(typeof web3 !== 'undefined') { // Check whether exists a provider, e.g Metamask
    App.web3Provider = window.ethereum; // standard since 2/11/18
    web3 = new Web3(App.web3Provider);
    try { // Permission popup
      ethereum.enable().then(async() => { console.log("DApp connected"); });
    }
    catch(error) { console.log(error); }
  } else { // Otherwise, create a new local instance of Web3
    App.web3Provider = new Web3.providers.HttpProvider(App.url); // <==
    web3 = new Web3(App.web3Provider);
  }
  return App.initContract();
},
```



app.js, 2. Init contracts



JS

```
initContract: function() {  
  
    // Store ETH current account  
    web3.eth.getCoinbase(function(err, account) {  
        if(err == null) {  
            App.account = account;  
            console.log(account);  
            $("#accountId").html("Account:" + account);  
        }  
    });  
    // Init contracts  
  
},
```



app.js, 2. Init contracts



JS

```
initContract: function() {  
  
    // Store ETH current account  
    // ...  
  
    // Init contracts  
    $.getJSON("MyContract.json").done(function(c) {  
        App.contracts["MyContract"] = TruffleContract(c);  
        App.contracts["MyContract"].setProvider(App.web3Provider);  
  
        return App.listenForEvents();  
    });  
},
```



app.js, 3. Activate event listeners



JS

```
listenForEvents: function() {
  App.contracts["MyContract"].deployed().then(async (instance) => {
    // click is the Solidity event
    instance.click().on('data', function (event) {
      $("#eventId").html("Event caught!");
      console.log("Event caught");
      console.log(event);
      // If event has parameters: event.returnValue.*paramName*
    });
  });
  return App.render();
},
```



app.js, 3. Activate event listeners



JS

```
listenForEvents: function() {
  App.contracts["MyContract"].deployed().then(async (instance) => {
    web3.eth.getBlockNumber(function (error, block) {
      // click is the Solidity event
      instance.click().on('data', function (event) {
        $("#eventId").html("Event caught!");
        console.log("Event caught");
        console.log(event);
        console.log(block); // If you want to get the block
      });
    });
  });
  return App.render();
},
```



app.js, 3. Activate event listeners

Usually online we find solutions involving `event().watch(callback)`, but the `watch` function is not anymore supported by the most recent versions of web3Js

[Source, Github Issue](#)

More on events:

<https://web3js.readthedocs.io/en/1.0/web3-eth-contract.html#contract-events>

<https://ethereum.stackexchange.com/questions/64872/truffle-how-to-get-event>



app.js, 4. Render



JS

```
render: function() {  
  
  // Retrieve contract instance  
  App.contracts["MyContract"].deployed().then(async(instance) =>{  
  
    // Call the value function (value is a public attribute)  
    const v = await instance.value();  
    console.log(v);  
    $("#valueId").html("" + v);  
  });  
},
```



app.js, 5. onClick function

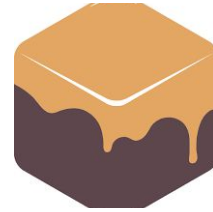


JS

```
// Call a function of a smart contract
    // The function send an event that triggers a transaction:: Metamask pops up and
ask the user to confirm the transaction
pressClick: function() {

    App.contracts["Contract"].deployed().then(async(instance) =>{
        await instance.pressClick({from: App.account});
    });
}
```

DApp, try it



- Start lite server with `$ npm run dev`
- Migrate the contract on Ganache
- Open the browser, open Metamask and select “Private network”
- Import an account from Ganache by copying its private key and pasting it into Metamask
 - If the account was already imported and previously used, it may need to **reset it**, otherwise its nonce conflicts with the new Ganache instance



Resources

More on HDWallets, Hierarchical Deterministic Wallets (Metamask):

https://en.bitcoin.it/wiki/Deterministic_wallet

Dapp, full tutorial (2018): <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3681ZYbDSSk>

- Updates for 2019: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X6DzzeoRTS0>

On lite-server:

<https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/how-you-can-use-lite-server-for-a-simple-development-web-server-33ea527013c9/>



Extra

More on DApp development





Tools: Infura



[Infura](#) is a hosted Ethereum node cluster that lets users run your application without requiring them to set up their own Ethereum node or wallet

Infura can be used to migrate a DApp to a supported Ethereum network

It is necessary to register to the service and create a project that generates an ID and an API key



Migrate to an Ethereum network



With Truffle is very easy to connect to an Ethereum network exploiting the Infura service:

- In this way you do not need to download the blockchain
- You need to register to Infura and get an API token
- You need a wallet like Metamask
 - Create an account on the chosen network
 - And get Ether for that account to pay for the gas
- You need to modify `truffle_config.js`
 - Here how: <https://www.trufflesuite.com/tutorials/using-infura-custom-provider>



Decentralized Applications

Truffle provides DApp boilerplates (project stubs) in its “boxes”

- `$ truffle unbox pet-shop`
- <https://truffleframework.com/boxes>

Truffle provides a tool called Drizzle to help the development of a DApp with ReactJs

- <https://truffleframework.com/drizzle>

