



Università di Pisa

# Topics for Projects

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# Challenges

- COVID-19 Global Hackathon
  - <https://covid-global-hackathon.devpost.com/>
- BioASQ (<http://bioasq.org>)
- Pharma CoNER (<http://temu.bsc.es/pharmaconer/>)
- Loop Q Prize  
(<https://www.loopqprize.ai>)
- The Conversational Intelligence Challenge 2  
(<http://convai.io>)

# Question Generation

- INVALSI (<https://www.invalsi.it/invalsi/>)
  - Question generation from Wikipedia articles

# Chatbot

- Alexa Topical Chat Dataset
  - <https://github.com/alexa/alexa-prize-topical-chat-dataset>
  - Identify transitions between topics
  - Suggest sources of information
- The Conversational Intelligence Challenge 2 (ConvAI2)  
convai.io/

# IWPT Shared Task

- The [Enhanced Universal Dependency Shared Task at IWPT 2020](#) involves dependency parsing from plain text.
- This involves several subtasks:
  - Tokenization using DL
  - POS using DL
  - Morphological analysis
  - Dependency parsing
  - Enhanced dependencies
- Timeline:
  - Test data: April 2, 2020
  - Submission: **April 22, 2020**

# CoNLL 2018 UD Parsing

- Parsing Universal Dependencies for the CoNLL 2018 Shared Task:
  - Experiment “Left-to-right dependency parsing with pointer network”  
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1903.08445.pdf>

# CoNLL 2018: Deep Learning Tokenizer

- CoNLL 2018 challenge requires a tokenizer for all the Universal Dependency TreeBanks
- Build a DL tokenizer using Keras based on the approach of:
  - Basile, Valerio and Bos, Johan and Evang, Kilian *A General-Purpose Machine Learning Method for Tokenization and Sentence Boundary Detection* (2013), <http://gmb.let.rug.nl/elephant/>

# CoNLL 2018: Deep Learning POS

- Depling 2016 challenge requires tokenizer for any of the Universal Dependency TreeBank
- Build a DL POS using CNN, for example a LSTM that uses word embeddings and possible character embeddings.



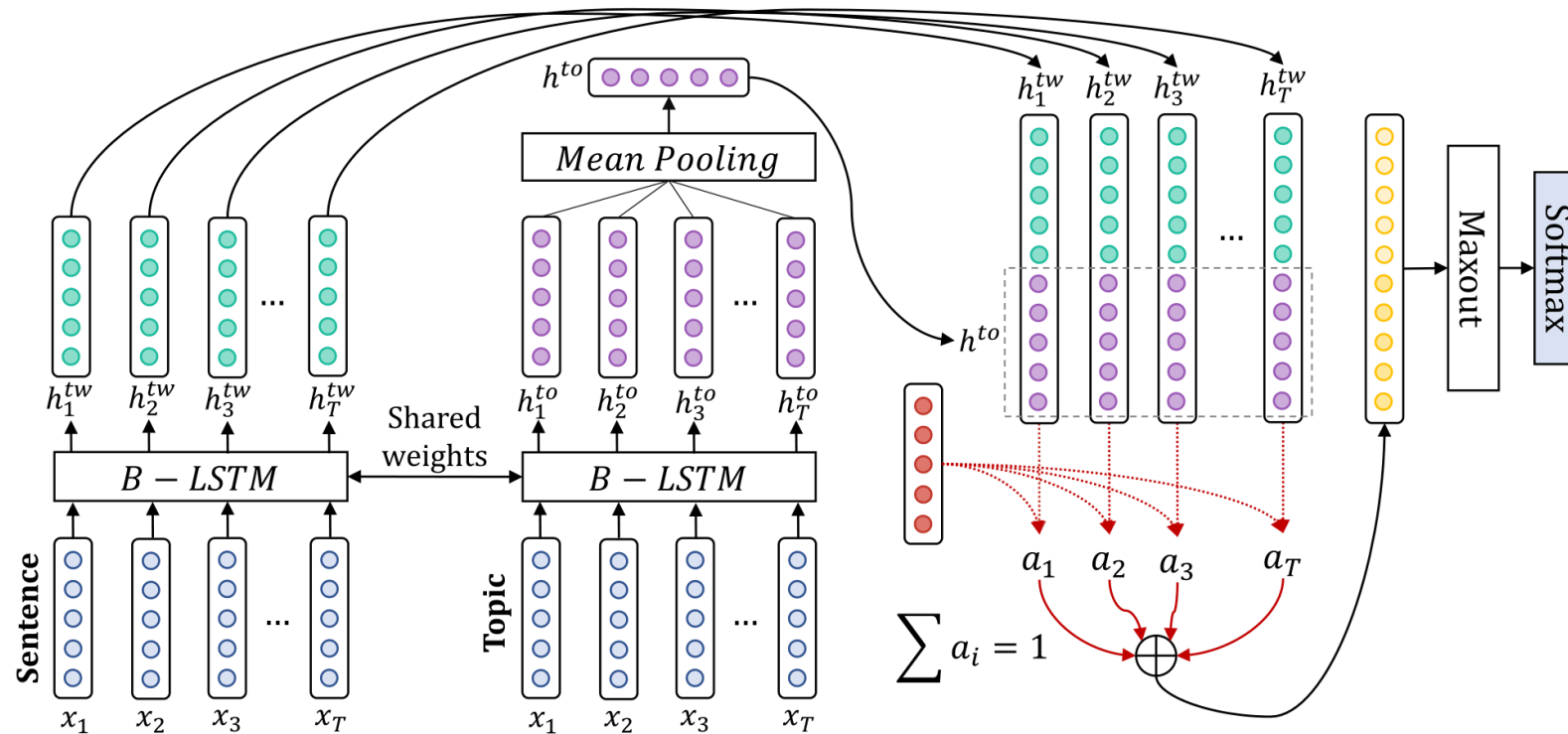
# CoNLL 2018: Deep Learning Morph Analyzer

- CoNLL 2018 challenge requires dealing with all the Universal Dependency TreeBanks
- Build a DL morphological analyzer that computes morphological embeddings for each word, using Keras and character embeddings.

# Evalita 2016-2018

- [www.evalita.it/2016](http://www.evalita.it/2016)
  - [POSTWITA](#)
  - [QA4FAQ](#)
  - [NEEL-IT](#)
- [www.evalita.it/2018](http://www.evalita.it/2018)
  - [ABSITA](#)
  - [HaSpeeDe](#)
  - [NLP4FUN](#) (more statistics than linguistics?)
  - Timeline
    - Data Release: May 28, 2018
    - Evaluation: September 10-16, 2018

# Possible Approach for ABSITA



A Siamese Bidirectional LSTM with context-aware attention.

- Baziotis et al. DataStories at SemEval-2017 Task 4: Deep LSTM with Attention for Message-level and Topic-based Sentiment Analysis. [www.aclweb.org/anthology/S17-2126](http://www.aclweb.org/anthology/S17-2126)
- Code: <https://github.com/cbaziotis/datastories-semantic2017-task4>

# Question Answering Tasks

- [Tensorflow 2.0 QA](#)
  - <https://www.kaggle.com/c/tensorflow2-question-answering>
- SemEval 2017  
[Task 3](#)
- Evalita 2016  
[QA4FAQ](#)
- [SQuAD](#)  
<https://towardsdatascience.com/nlp-building-a-question-answering-model-ed0529a68c54>
- Movie QA  
<http://movieqa.cs.toronto.edu/home/>
- [Natural Language Interfaces for Web of Data \(NLIWoD4\)](#)  
<http://2018.nliwod.org/challenge>

# Chatbots

- [AWS Chatbot Challenge](#)
  - <https://aws.amazon.com/events/chatbot-challenge/>
- Ubuntu Dialog Corpus:
  - <https://github.com/rkadlec/ubuntu-ranking-dataset-creator>

# Neural Machine Translation

- English-Italian
  - Europarl Corpus
  - [Ses2Seq TensorFlow Tutorial](#)
- References:
  - D. Bahdanau, K. Cho, Y. Bengio. Neural machine translation by jointly learning to align and translate.  
<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1409.0473v6>
  - Zhang, X., & LeCun, Y. (2015). Text Understanding from Scratch.  
<http://arxiv.org/abs/1502.01710>

# Twitter

- Modeling Political Bias
  - Use Italian Tweets collection
- Detecting Toxic Comments
  - Use Italian Tweets collection and Evalita 2018 HaSpeeDe corpus

# Deep Learning for Sentiment Analysis

- Annotated Data: SemEval training set
  - <http://alt.qcri.org/semeval2017/task4/index.php?id=data-and-tools>
- Unannotated Data: 50 million tweets
- CNN approach:
  - Code: DeepNL, <https://github.com/attardi/deepnl>
  - Article: A. Severyn, A. Moschitti. [\*UNITN: Training Deep Convolutional Neural Network for Twitter Sentiment Classification\*](#)
- BiLSTM approach:
  - Baziotis et al. DataStories at SemEval-2017 Task 4: Deep LSTM with Attention for Message-level and Topic-based Sentiment Analysis. [www.aclweb.org/anthology/S17-2126](http://www.aclweb.org/anthology/S17-2126)
  - Code: <https://github.com/cbaziotis/datastories-semeval2017-task4>



# POS tagging using Word Embeddings

- Data: Evalita 2016
- Embeddings: <http://tanl.di.unipi.it/embeddings/>
- Article: Stratos, M. Collins. Simple Semi-Supervised POS Tagging.  
<http://www.cs.columbia.edu/~stratos/research/naacl15semipos.pdf>

# Medical texts

- Predicting side effects of drugs
  - Using collection of Italian medical record on kidney and heart diseases
- Negation/Speculative Scope Detection
  - BioScope Corpus: <http://rgai.inf.u-szeged.hu/index.php?page=bioscope>
- Semantic QA on medical texts:
  - BioASQ datasets: [bioasq.org/](http://bioasq.org/)

# Negation/Speculation Scope

- Determine the scope of negative or speculative statements:
  - The lyso-platelet had **no** effect
  - MnlI-AluI **could** suppress the basal-level activity
- Approach:
  - Classifier for identifying cues
  - Classifier to determine scope
- Data
  - BioScope collection

# Relation Extraction

- Exploit word embeddings as features + extra hand-coded features
- SemEval 2014 Relation Extraction dataset

# Fake News Detection

- Stance Detection dataset for FNC-1
  - <http://www.fakenewschallenge.org>